Chem 164/261 Assignment & Lecture Outline 5:

Alcohols, Ethers and Introduction to Carbohydrates

Read

Organic Chemistry, L Wade, UA Custom Edition, 2013, Volume 1 (Chem 164/261)

- Functional Group List Inside Front Cover (also Handout)
- Chapter 7 Review Substitution Reactions of Alkyl Halides to Give Alcohols and Ethers
- Chapter 9 **Review** Reactions of Alkenes to form Alcohols and Ethers
- Chapter 11 Structure and Synthesis of Alcohols
- Course Handout on Carbohydrates: Nomenclature & Properties

Problems: (do all "solved problems" in chapters listed below)

Do Not turn in, answers available in "Student Solutions Manual for Organic Chemistry" for LG Wade

• **Chapter 11:** 11-1 to 11.5; 11.7 to 11.16; 11.31 to 11.33; 11.39

Lecture Outline # 5

I. Structure and Nomenclature of Alcohols and Ethers

- A. Aliphatic Alcohols
 - 1. IUPAC system
 - 2. Common names carbinol system, "alcohol" names
- B. Aromatic Alcohols (Phenols)
- C. Ethers
 - 1. Common names
 - 2. IUPAC system "alkoxy"

II. Physical Properties

- A. Alcohols and Phenols general properties
 - 1. MP, BP, solubility, density hydrogen bonding
 - 2. Acidity of aliphatic alcohols (ROH) and ArOH
- B. Physical Properties of Ethers

III. Preparation of Alcohols and Phenols (Review - Parts A & B Previously Discussed in Class)

- A. From Alkenes Aliphatic Alcohols (ROH)
 - 1. Hydration (H_20, H_+)
 - 2. Oxymercuration Demercuration [Hg(OAc)₂ then NaBH₄]
 - 3. Hydroboration Oxidation $[B_2H_6 \text{ then } H_2O_2, \text{ KOH }]$
- B. From Alkyl Halides: Nucleophilic Substitution Reactions (S_N1 and S_N2)
- C. Grignard Reagents & Grignard Reactions Addition to Carbonyl
- D. Hydride Addition to Carbonyls (Ketones & Aldehydes)

IV. Reactions of Alcohols and Phenols

- A. Reactions Breaking O-H Bond
 - 1. Acid-base alcohols as acids
 - 2. Ester formation
 - 3. Ether formation
 - 4. Oxidation
- B. Reactions Breaking C-O Bond
 - 1. Dehydration to alkenes
 - 2. Formation of alkyl halide
 - 3. Ethers
- C. Preparation
 - 1. Mercuration Demercuration of alkenes in alcohols
 - 2. Epoxidation of alkenes
 - 3. From alcohols by removal of H₂O
 - 4. From alkyl halides or sulfonates
- D. Reaction of Ethers
 - 1. Cleavage of ethers to alcohols

V. Carbohydrates

- A. Monosaccharides
 - 1. Classification aldose, ketose, triose, tetrose, etc...
 - 2. Stereoisomerism
 - 3. Anomers and ring formation (hemiacetals, acetals)
 - 4. Properties and sweet taste
- B. Disaccharides and Polysaccharides
 - 1. Sucrose
 - 2. Cellulose, starch, glycogen