Amines

General, Naming

Basicity

Prep / Rxns / Spectroscopy

Intro to DNA

Ref 20: 1 – 6; 25: 4

Prob see Final Practice Questions

LAST LECTURE

General

Neutral N cmpds have

3 covalent bonds + 1 lone pair of e⁻'s; e.g.,

$$H = N$$

$$Sp^2$$

sp

 1° , 2° , 3° amines, seen before

involved in H-Bonding

D₂O exchangeable (nmr)

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Naming

similar to alcohols; e.g.,

 CH_3 - CH_2 -OH CH_3 - CH_2 - NH_2

ethyl alcohol ethylamine

or

ethanol ethanamine

or

hydroxyethane aminoethane

more? see Solomons 20:1

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Common Names





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Heterocyclic Amines

- common in nature
- 4 are present in DNA, all derived from

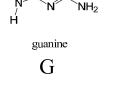
pyrimidine

purine

DNA Bases

A

adenine



linkage where bonding to DNA backbone occurs

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Basicity

Lewis: e donor

B/L: H^+ acceptor

• attracts e⁻'s strongly

"strong base" \ • lone pairs highly available

• above equil. to the Right

weak base opposite, of course

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Effects on Basicity

basicity 1 if

- EDG's are present on neighboring C's
- e⁻ pair is more exposed;
 e.g., sp³ N is more basic than sp² & sp N's;
 b/c sp³ has 75% p character

(p orbitals are more exposed than s orbitals)

basicity ↓ if

- EWG's are present on neighboring C's
- e pair is delocalised
- e pair tied up in aromaticity (strong effect)

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Practice

rank basicity of the following





Prep.

"Seen before":

1.) rxn w/ sp³ electrophiles ("halides");

 $(S_N rxn, alkylation on N, ...)$

2.) LiAlH₄ reduction of amides (& nitriles)

$$R-C \xrightarrow{O} R-C-NH_2$$

"New"

3.) reduction of imines/ iminium salts (reductive amination)

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"Reductive Amination"

• imines and iminium salts

(formed from A/K's on one hand and

1°/2° amines on the other; see A/K section)

can be reduced by mild hydride reducing agents.

If done as "one-pot" rxn (all reactants present at the same time) then this reaction is called "reductive amination".

Details:

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Rxns

seen before;

most important:

act as nucleophiles in

- 1.) $S_N 2 rxns$
- 2.) acyl substitution (\rightarrow amides)
- 3.) A/K carbonyl addition(→ imines, → enamines)
- 4.) Michael addition (just done)

Spectroscopy

IR

~ 3400 cm⁻¹ N - H

may be broad due to H - bonding

double peak if 1° amine

NMR N - H



Intro to DNA

- deoxyribonucleic acid
- holds genetic information
- built from:

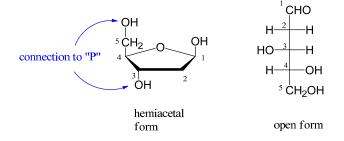
phosphate ester

deoxyribose

DNA base

Deoxyribose

5 C sugar w/ aldehyde F.G.



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DNA Structure, General

DNA Structure ...

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Base Linkage

DNA Backbone

- sequence in bases varies
- carries genetic information

• long chain molecule • form double helix